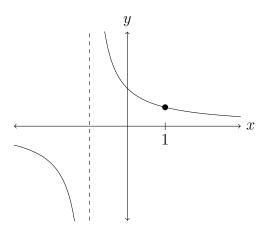
Name:			
Digauggian	Section:		

Solutions should show all of your work, not just a single final answer.

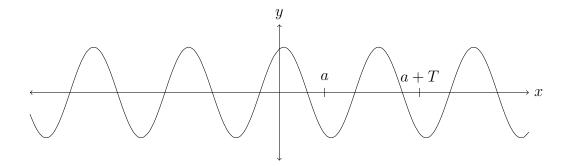
2.7: Derivatives and Rates of Change

1. The function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ is graphed below. Find f'(1) using the limit definition of the derivative (**no credit for using any other method**) and then find the equation of the tangent line to the graph at x = 1.



2. If a function f(x) has f(3) = 2 and f'(3) = 4, work out an equation of the tangent line to the graph of y = f(x) at the point (3, f(3)).

3. Below is the graph of a function f(x) that's periodic: there's a T > 0, called the period, such that f(x+T) = f(x) for all x. Explain why the derivative f'(x) is also periodic with period T in two different ways.

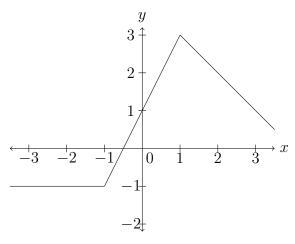


(a) using tangent lines to the graph of the function

(b) using the limit definition of the derivative

2.8: The Derivative as a Function

4. The graph of y = f(x) is pictured below.



- (a) Compute each derivative below, explaining your calculations. If a derivative does not exist, write DNE.
 - (a) f'(-2)
 - (b) f'(1)
 - (c) f'(-1)
 - (d) f'(2)
 - (e) f'(0)
 - (f) f'(3)
- (g) Sketch a graph of the derivative f'(x), leaving blank spots where it does not exist.

5. Find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{8}{x^2}$ using the limit definition of the derivative (**no credit** for using any other method). Hint: Look at 4b on Worksheet 2.3.

6. T/F (with justification) A function that is continuous at a is also differentiable at a.

7. T/F (with justification) If f'(2) exists, then $\lim_{x\to 2} f(x) = f(2)$.

3.1: Derivatives of Polynomials and Exponential Functions

8. Use differentiation rules from Section 3.1 (**not other methods**) to compute the derivative of the following functions.

(a)
$$f(x) = 7x^3 - 5x + 8$$

(b)
$$f(x) = e^x + x^e$$

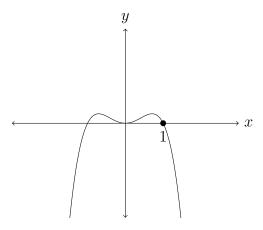
(c)
$$f(x) = 3x + \sqrt{3x}$$

(d)
$$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x} - 4e^x$$

(e)
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

(f)
$$f(x) = \frac{12}{x^5} - \frac{7}{\sqrt[5]{x}}$$

9. Use differentiation rules to find the equation of the tangent line to $y = x^2 - x^4$ (see below) at the point (1,0).



10. Use differentiation rules to find the values of a and b that make the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \le 2, \\ ax^3 + bx & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

differentiable at x = 2.

11. Find all points (c, f(c)) on the graph of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$ where the tangent line has slope 9.

12. T/F (with justification) If $f(x) = \sqrt{7}$ for all x, then $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{7}}$ for all x.